

RUSSIANS MAKE
ADVANCE WEST
OF BUKOWINASeize Kutu, 15 Miles From
Kolomea, Important
Railway Town.GERMANS AT CENTRE
ARE ON OFFENSIVEBerlin Says Muscovite
Counter Attacks Have
Been Repulsed.THE SUN TO-DAY
CONSISTS OF SIX SECTIONS AS FOLLOWS:

Section	Page
FIRST—General News	1
SECOND—Sporting, Kennels, Automobiles	18
THIRD—News of the Resorts, Drama, Fashions, Schools	10
FOURTH—Pictorial Magazine	8
FIFTH—Special Features, Books, Quizzes, Chess	12
SIXTH—Foreign, Real Estate, Gardens, Poultry, Financial, Problems	8
Total	56

Readers or newsdealers who do not receive all of these sections will confer a favor on "The Sun" by notifying the Publication Department at once by the phone (2300 Beekman) and missing sections will be promptly forwarded if possible.

lines in the Lutsk sector, but no impression has been made upon the Austro-German lines by these attacks. It is admitted in these dispatches that the Russians are gaining in the Bukovina, where Gen. Pflanzer is retreating.

FEAR BLOODSHED IN PANAMA.

Elections on To-day—U. S. Soldiers Ready at Boundary.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PANAMA, June 24.—Disturbances took place to-day in the provinces. American place has been ordered to keep out of Panama to-day. The disturbances took place in the provinces. American place has been ordered to keep out of Panama to-day. The disturbances took place in the provinces. American place has been ordered to keep out of Panama to-day.

CROSSES ANDES IN BALLOON.

Argentine Aeronaut's Feet in First in History.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

Buenos Ayres, June 24.—Eduardo Bradley, an Argentine aeronaut, has crossed the Andes in a balloon. This is the first time in history that the feat has been accomplished.

He left Santiago at 9 A. M. to-day and passed Uspallata, in Argentina, at noon.

GERMAN DESTROYERS
CAPTURE BRITISH SHIP

Take the Passenger Steamer Brussels Into Zeebrugge.

LONDON, June 24.—While on her way from Rotterdam to Tilbury with passengers and mails the British steamship Brussels was captured yesterday by German destroyers and taken into Zeebrugge.

The Great Eastern Railway Company, the owner of the vessel, announced her capture to-day. As far as is known there were no casualties on board, and the majority of the passengers were Belgian refugees on their way to England.

The German destroyers evidently came from Zeebrugge, in Belgium, to capture the Brussels, as the route between Tilbury, on the Thames, and Rotterdam runs along the southern end of the North Sea, about forty miles north of the Belgian port.

The steamship Brussels was built in 1902 and is of 1,350 tons.

400 ON MERCURY DROWN.

Five Escaped by Clinging to Top of Vessel's Mast.

PETROGRAD, June 24.—Four hundred out of six hundred passengers lost their lives when the Russian steamship Mercury was wrecked on the coast of the Baltic Sea, about five miles from the shore, on Monday night. The ship was carrying 400 passengers and 100 crew members. Five were saved by clinging to the top of the mast, which remained above water.

The French steamer Merault sank.

LONDON, June 24.—The French steamer Merault is reported sunk.

The Merault displaced 2,250 tons. She was registered at St. Nazaire.

ORPET TO TAKE THE STAND.

Case Will Probably Go to the Jury This Week.

WACKENBURG, Ill., June 24.—Counsel for Will H. Orpet, the university student on trial for the death of Marion Lambert, a Northwestern University student, who was killed by Orpet, said to-day that the case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

The case will probably go to the jury this week.

STORM IN SENATE
OVER MILITIA PAYHouse Provision Stricken Out
in Committee and New Measure Is Opposed.GORE AND REED IN FIGHT
Oklahoma Senator Charges an Attempt to Capitalize Patriotism.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Senate took action to-day by way of disapproval of the House's attitude toward the militia. A bill offered by Senator Reed of Missouri to pay the militiamen \$30 a month after being vigorously opposed was put over on an objection by Senator Gore of Oklahoma.

Mr. Reed had asked immediate consideration for his bill. Senator Gore suggested the bill was to "capitalize patriotism." A lively colloquy followed.

While the Senate was busy with the militia compensation bill the Senate Committee on Military Affairs was at work on the Hay resolution which passed the House yesterday and authorizes the President to call the National Guard into service.

When the Senate committee finished consideration of the resolution it had cut out the provision for the payment of \$30 a month to the families of the guardsmen during their absence on military duty and substituted an amendment authorizing the Secretary of War to make service guardsmen on their own application who could establish that they had dependent relatives.

The method of excusing or discharging members of the militia from service on the ground that they may have dependent relatives was turned over to the Secretary of War to work out under a system of rules and regulations. The resolution also was amended to require members of the National Guard to serve "for the period of the emergency," instead of for a period of three years, as the House resolution provided.

The Senate Substitute.

Otherwise the House resolution was ordered favorably reported by the Senate committee. The substitute for the House bill is:

That when any member of the National Guard or the organized militia of the United States, or any member of the District of Columbia, or any member of the National Guard, or organized militia reserves is called or ordered into the service of the United States under section 1 of this resolution and has a family dependent upon him the Secretary of War is authorized under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe to excuse such person upon his own application, to honorably discharge him from the service.

The word "family" as used in this resolution shall be construed to include the dependent mother, father and sisters or brothers under the age of 14.

Provided that when such person is excused from the call or draft, or discharged from the service he shall be furloughed to the National Guard reserve unless in the discretion of the Secretary of War he is given final discharge.

The resolution is expected to come up for Senate consideration Monday.

The debate on the Reed bill, which was introduced by Senator Reed of Missouri, was continued to-day. The bill provides for the payment of \$30 a month to the families of the guardsmen during their absence on military duty.

Senator Reed's Defense.

Senator Reed in defending his pay bill said the members of the National Guard who go to Mexico may remain for years to do the country's fighting and he wanted to make them feel that "an optional nation was giving something to care for the parent or wife and children at home."

Senator Reed contended that the proposal of the Senator from Missouri was undoubtedly prompted by the highest and most humane motives, but that it was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

The Senator from Oklahoma said the proposal was a complete failure for the country which was being paraded from one end of the country to the other.

N. Y. GUARD WANTS
TO GO AS DIVISIONEffort to Keep State Troops
Together During Service
in Mexico.EARLY START EXPECTED
Gen. Wood Says Some May
Move for Border To-morrow or Tuesday.

The situation in connection with the getting of supplies to the National Guard has entirely changed in the past few days, according to Major-General Leonard A. Wood, commander of the Division of the East. The Government has been slow in supplying the troops with equipment, in Gen. Wood's opinion, because of the concentration of all supplies in one Quartermaster's depot in Philadelphia instead of in twenty-two separate depots, one in each State of the Eastern Division. It is a physical impossibility to supply all of the States at the same time under the present system, he says, and the situation is further complicated by the industrial unpreparedness of the country—the inability to manufacture and transport the necessary army supplies as quickly as they are needed in an emergency like the present one.

The supplies, it was explained by staff officers at the headquarters of the Eastern Division on Governors Island yesterday, on which the State troops are now waiting, are the supplies necessary to equip the additional men required in placing regiments on a war footing.

Must Wait for More Equipment.

The National Guard in the State camps are mobilized and equipped to the peace footing, and are unable to move until the necessary supplies arrive. The guardsmen are also in need of horses and other draft animals.

The New York State militia has an option on 2,000 horses and mules and the Government has been asked for permission to buy, but there is delay due to the necessity of inspecting and approving the animals before they are purchased.

In spite of all delays and other obstacles, according to Gen. Wood, it is probable that troops from New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Connecticut will begin moving toward the border on Monday or Tuesday, and that 30,000 or more will be on their way by next Saturday.

Probably the most important military conference of the day in New York was between Major-General O'Han and Gen. Wood on Governors Island yesterday, accompanied by his staff, Col. O'Han, a member of the staff of the Eastern Division, and Col. J. L. Kinkaid, a member of the staff of the Western Division.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

MISSING AFTER CARRIZAL FIGHT;
RELEASE OF PRISONERS DEMANDED;
REARSTEPS TO FOLLOW REFUSALHUNGRY MEXICANS
SACK FOOD STORESStarvation and Reign of Terror
Going On All Over
the Country.

CARRANZA IS BLAMED

Bread Lines in Mexico City—
Papers Foment Anti-
American Feeling.

A prominent business man here has received a letter from an associate in Vera Cruz, which in part follows:

"VERA CRUZ, Mexico, June 16.—For a long time Americans in Mexico, and especially in Vera Cruz, have been suffering from the effects of the Carranza regime. The situation is now so bad that the people are starving and the country is in a state of anarchy."

There is no visible relief apparent and the people are going to sack and pillage to obtain food. The Government, far from trying to prevent looting, is encouraging it, and in many towns and cities of the republic stores and markets were sacked on Sunday last.

In Mexico city there has been no meat, milk, eggs, bread or vegetables for nearly two weeks. The bread lines begin at 2 in the morning in front of the few shops that are still selling a small amount of the much desired commodity. People who have not had the money to buy food are starving and the situation is so bad that the people are going to sack and pillage to obtain food.

The guardsmen are also in need of horses and other draft animals. The New York State militia has an option on 2,000 horses and mules and the Government has been asked for permission to buy, but there is delay due to the necessity of inspecting and approving the animals before they are purchased.

In spite of all delays and other obstacles, according to Gen. Wood, it is probable that troops from New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Connecticut will begin moving toward the border on Monday or Tuesday, and that 30,000 or more will be on their way by next Saturday.

Probably the most important military conference of the day in New York was between Major-General O'Han and Gen. Wood on Governors Island yesterday, accompanied by his staff, Col. O'Han, a member of the staff of the Eastern Division, and Col. J. L. Kinkaid, a member of the staff of the Western Division.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

The conference was held in the morning, and the two generals discussed the situation in connection with the movement of the troops to the border.

SURVIVORS OF CARRIZAL
BATTLE ARE PICKED UPStories Show That Americans Were Victims of a Plot—
Troops Attacked on Both Flanks by Carranzistas
Hidden in the Brush.

MEXICANS MASSING.

Thousands of Carranzistas Reported
Back of American Supply Line.

COLUMBUS, N. M., June 24.—Several thousand Carranzista troops were tonight reported massing back of Carrizal, commanding the American communication lines north of Dublin, Mexico.

At the same time a most important disposition of the punitive expedition's forces was begun. The conscription law publication of the details, (selection by censor.)

Refugees brought word of the concentration of the Carranzista forces. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush. The Carranzistas were reported to be in the brush, and the Americans were in the brush.

Wilson, Baker and Lansing
Decide on Immediate
Action.FEAR HARM MIGHT
COME TO PRISONERSLatin Countries Busy Try-
ing to Avert a
War.U. S. NOT READY TO
ACCEPT MEDIATIONMilitia of But Few States
in Shape to Be Mus-
tered In.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Demand has been made on the Carranza Government for the release of the American troops captured by the Mexicans in the fight at Carrizal and carried to Chihuahua city.

This action was taken on the basis of the formal note received from the Mexican Foreign Office yesterday advising the American Government of the capture of seventeen men of the Tenth Cavalry and requesting an explanation of the presence of the American force in the locality where the fight occurred.

An immediate answer is expected and the reply is relied on to determine the measure of responsibility which lies against the de facto Government for the attack on the American troops.

Determination to make this demand was arrived at this morning at a conference which President Wilson had at the White House with Secretary Lansing and Secretary Baker.

It was the original intention of the Mexican Foreign Office to wait until the official report from Gen. Pershing in order to establish beyond doubt that the Mexicans fired the first shot, but apprehension that harm might come to the prisoners impelled the President.

It is said to act at once, especially in view of the fact that the preliminary reports that have been received from stragglers who have reached Gen. Pershing's headquarters agree that the Mexicans opened fire under cover of a parley.

An Issue of Veracity.

Officials here fully expect that the Mexican Government will insist on the last that to the Americans started the firing, but President Wilson has let it be known that in any issue of veracity he will accept the statements of the Americans and act accordingly.

The secretary Lansing himself refused to sign a statement of the facts of the case, but he is expected to affirm or deny that the demand had gone, but in other Administration circles it was indicated that drastic steps might be taken if the demand were refused.

It is regarded as probable that with the receipt of the formal report from Gen. Pershing additional representations will be sent demanding that Carranza denounce the attack and punish any of the officers responsible who may still be living.

It is intimated that should he refuse the next step would be a general movement of American forces across the border for the purpose of occupying the entire northern part of the country where the bandit raids and other activities have been going on.

News reaching the War Department concerning the battle at Carrizal is all in favor of the American position. Gen. Pershing reported to-day, having reached his headquarters, bringing the total number that have returned up to eleven.

Excepting minor details the statement of all of them agrees as to the fact that the Americans started the firing, but as all of these survivors are horseholders who left the scene during the fight, none was able to speak as to the fate of the others with the exception of one, a "packer," who reported that seven or eight of his comrades were trying to make headquarters by another route.

Relief Squadrons Report.

Sixteen men of the two troops engaged in the fight, Pershing has been advised, are being brought in by the two squadrons of the Eleventh Cavalry sent out to reinforce them, but whether the